

ABSTRACT

An phase-change optical disk comprises a substrate, a first protective layer, a first thermostable layer, a recording layer, a second thermostable layer, a second protective layer, an absorptance control layer, and a heat-diffusing layer which are provided in this order from a side on which a laser beam comes thereinto, wherein a recording layer material has composition ratios which are within a range surrounded by composition points of B3 ($\text{Bi}_3, \text{Ge}_{46}, \text{Te}_{51}$), C3 ($\text{Bi}_4, \text{Ge}_{46}, \text{Te}_{50}$), D3 ($\text{Bi}_5, \text{Ge}_{46}, \text{Te}_{49}$), D5 ($\text{Bi}_{10}, \text{Ge}_{42}, \text{Te}_{48}$), C5 ($\text{Bi}_{10}, \text{Ge}_{41}, \text{Te}_{49}$), and B5 ($\text{Bi}_7, \text{Ge}_{41}, \text{Te}_{52}$) on a triangular composition diagram. Recrystallization is not caused even when information is recorded on an inner circumferential portion, a reproduced signal is scarcely deteriorated even when rewriting is performed multiple times, and any erasing residue of amorphous matters scarcely appears at an outer circumferential portion.